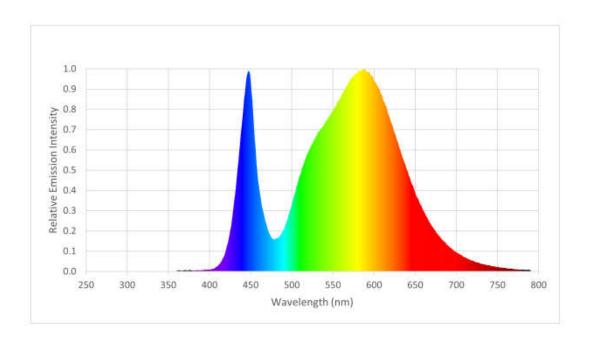
# **LED SPECTRUM INFO**

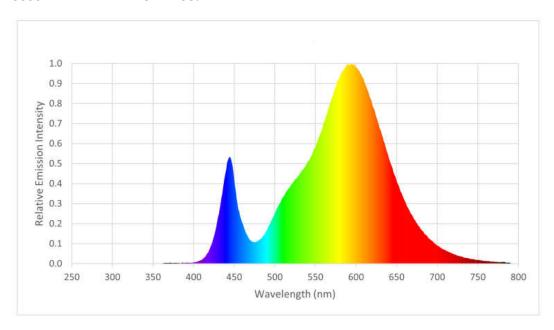


(For External use LED modules with Ra/CRI>70)

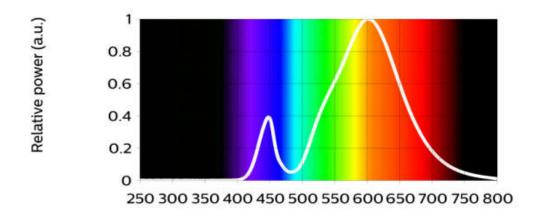
**4000K** - **RELATIVE FLUX** - **100%** 



# **3000K** - **RELATIVE FLUX\*** - **93%**

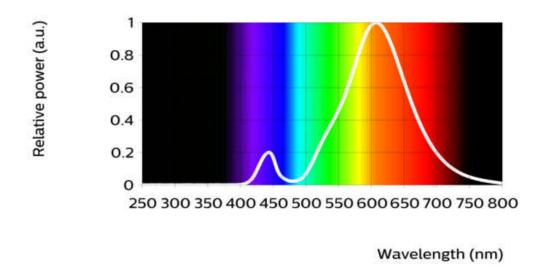


## 2700K - RELATIVE FLUX\* - 77%



Wavelength (nm)

**2200K** - RELATIVE FLUX\* - 69%



<sup>\*</sup>Note – Relative flux is a general indicative value and will vary depending on luminaire and exact LED specification used.

#### 3000K



### 2200K (Similar to HPS)



#### FROM ILP GUIDANCE NOTE 8

## (BATS AND ARTIFICIAL LIGHTING)

#### **Appropriate luminaire specifications**

Luminaires come in a myriad of different styles, applications and specifications which a lighting professional can help to select. The following should be considered when choosing luminaires.

- All luminaires should lack UV elements when manufactured. Metal halide, fluorescent sources should not be used.
- LED luminaires should be used where possible due to their sharp cut-off, lower intensity, good colour rendition and dimming capability.
- A warm white spectrum (ideally <2700Kelvin) should be adopted to reduce blue light component.</li>
- Luminaires should feature peak wavelengths higher than 550nm to avoid the component of light most disturbing to bats (Stone, 2012).
- Internal luminaires can be recessed where installed in proximity to windows to reduce glare and light spill.
- The use of specialist bollard or low-level downward directional luminaires to retain darkness above can be considered. However, this often comes at a cost of unacceptable glare, poor illumination efficiency, a high upward light component and poor facial recognition, and their use should only be as directed by the lighting professional.
- Column heights should be carefully considered to minimise light spill.
- Only luminaires with an upward light ratio of 0% and with good optical control should be used See ILP Guidance for the Reduction of Obtrusive Light.
- Luminaires should always be mounted on the horizontal, i.e. no upward tilt.
- Any external security lighting should be set on motion-sensors and short (1min) timers.
- As a last resort, accessories such as baffles, hoods or louvres can be used to reduce light spill and direct it only to where it is needed.